

Salvation

Lesson Fourteen



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1. For what purpose did Christ come into the world?

“This is a faithful saying, and worthy of all acceptance, that Christ Jesus came into the world _____; of whom I am chief.” 1 Timothy 1:15.

2. Can we obtain salvation through any other source?

“Neither is there salvation in any other: for there is none other _____ under _____, whereby we must be saved.” Acts 4:12.

3. From what does Christ save His people?

“Thou shalt call His name Jesus; for He shall _____ his people from their _____.” Matthew 1:21.

4. Who only will finally be saved?

“But he that _____, the same shall be saved.” Matthew 24:13.

5. If one has had the assurance of sins forgiven, but has afterward turned from his righteousness, what will be the result?

“But when the righteous turneth away from his righteousness, and committeth iniquity, and doeth according to all the abominations that the wicked man doeth, shall he live? All his _____ that he hath done shall not be _____: in his trespass that he hath trespassed, and in his sin that he hath sinned, in them shall he die.” Ezekiel 18:24.

6. In the parable, when one who owed his lord ten thousand talents was unable to pay, at his own request what did his master do for him?

“Then the lord of that servant was moved with compassion, and loosed him, and _____.” Matthew 18:27.

7. After receiving forgiveness for his enormous debt, what did the servant do to another who owed him but a hundred pence, and asked for mercy?

“And his fellow-servant fell down at his feet, and besought him saying, Have _____ with me, and I will _____. And _____: but went and _____, till he should pay the debt.” Matthew 18:29, 30.

8. What was then done with this unmerciful servant?

“Then his lord, after that he had called him, said unto him, O thou wicked servant, I forgave thee all that debt, because thou desiredst me. Shouldest not thou also have had compassion on thy fellow-servant, even as I had pity on thee? And his lord was wroth, and _____, till he should _____.” Matthew 18:32-34.

9. What application of the parable did the Saviour make?

“So likewise shall _____ do also unto you, ye from your hearts forgive not every one his brother their trespasses,” Matthew 18:35.

Note: It will be seen that though the servant in the parable had been forgiven the great debt he had incurred, and was conditionally saved from its consequences, yet because he did not do right toward others, that debt was again rolled on him, and he suffered or was held in bondage for it, just the same as though it had not been forgiven. But what gives this parable force is the application our Saviour makes of it, as referred to in the last text quoted. From that it is positive that one’s eternal salvation is not secured until he has endured to the end.

10. What is the end, object, or design of faith?

“Receiving the end of your _____, even the _____ of your souls.” 1 Peter 1:9.

11. Does one receive this salvation when he first believes?

“And that, knowing the time, now it is high time to awake out of sleep; for now is our _____ nearer than when we _____.” Romans 13:11.

Note: That is, they had not yet received salvation, through having believed, but were coming nearer to it.

12. How is one kept, or preserved, until that salvation is given? and when is it to be revealed?

“Who are kept by the _____ through _____ unto _____ ready to be revealed in the last time.” 1 Peter 1:5.

13. Who will receive that salvation

“So Christ was once offered to bear the sins of many: and unto them _____ shall He appear the second time without sin _____.” Hebrews 9:28.